

**SANT NIRANKARI PUBLIC SCHOOL**  
**CLASS VII**  
**HOLIDAYS HOMEWORK ---2018-19**  
**ENGLISH**

**READING :**

**Q.1. Read the following lines from the text and answer the questions that follow: (The Cockroach that Wrote Music)**

**1. There was a quick scurrying movement across the top of his desk. Something small and black darted under the music book. He lifted it carefully. "Ugh!"**

- a. What made Benzy jump?
- b. Which words in the line indicate the movement of the creature?
- c. Did Benzy like the creature he picked up?

**2. He watched his eyes bigger than saucers, with the book still held in the air. The Cockroach walked to the blob of ink, gathered a small drop in its front legs, walked carefully over the homework page and placed the ink neatly between the lines.**

- a. Whose eyes were bigger than saucers and why?
- b. How did the Cockroach write on the page?
- c. Ink is an uncountable noun. What does blob of ink refer to?

**Q.2. Read the following lines from the text and answer the questions that follow: (Bade Ghulam Ali Khan)**

**1. The child Ghulam Ali would cook, clean and fetch water for hisu, serving him in the guru – chela tradition. Kale Khan Sahib was a hard task master and a strict disciplinarian. Ghulam Ali was determined to learn and serve his uncle diligently.**

- a. How was Ghulam Ali Khan related to Kale Khan Sahib?
- b. What kind of person was Kale Khan Sahib?
- c. How did Ghulam Ali serve his guru?

**2. "Puttar, nobody like you has appeared in seven generations of our family, nor is there any possibility of anyone matching your excellence in the future."**

- a. Who said these lines and to whom?
- b. Who is referred to as "puttar?" What do you learn about him from these lines?
- c. What prompted the speaker to say these lines?

**Q.3. Read the following lines from the text and answer the questions that follow: (The Magic Teakettle)**

**1. so he put the gleaming kettle over a charcoal fire, and they sat around it, waiting for the water to boil. Suddenly a very strange thing happened, the kettle grew the head of the badger and a bushy badger tail, and four little badger feet.**

- a. Who put kettle over the charcoal fire and why?
- b. Whom does "all" refer to?
- c. What happened to the kettle?

**2. "If you'll treat me kindly and feed me well and never put me over a fire, I'll stay with you and help you make a fortune."**

- a. Who said these words?
- b. How did it desire to be treated?
- c. What does the phrase "Make your fortune mean?"

**Q.4. Read the following lines from the text and answer the questions that follow: (Wandering Singers)**

**1. Where the voice of the wind calls our wandering feet,  
Through echoing forest and echoing street,  
With lutes in our hands ever- singing we roam.**

- a. Why does the poet compare these singers to that of wind?
- b. What echoes in the forest and streets?
- c. Why do these singers roam?

**2. Our lays of cities whose lustre is shed,**

**The laughter and beauty of woman all dead;  
The sword of old battles, the crown of old kings.**

- What does the word "lays" refer to in these lines?
- What are these songs about?
- Why do these singers choose such topics?

## WRITING

- Write a paragraph on 'Advantages and Disadvantages of Using Mobile phones'
- Write an application to the Principal of your school for the grant of three days leave as you have to attend your cousin's marriage.

## GRAMMAR

### NOUNS

#### Q.1. Identify the countable and uncountable nouns:

- His knowledge in Mathematics is impressive.
- Books were distributed among the children.
- Her kindness towards the street dogs made her adopt them.
- How much sugar do you need for the cake?

#### Q.2. Fill in the blanks with appropriate collective nouns from the box given below:

- The award ceremony was a \_\_\_\_\_ of stars since all the popular cricket players were present.
- There was a long \_\_\_\_\_ in front of the stadium.
- Wherever Danish went a \_\_\_\_\_ of puppies followed him.
- On my birthday, my father gave me a \_\_\_\_\_ of flowers.
- Let us bring a \_\_\_\_\_ of sticks for the bonfire.

constellation	queue	crew	bouquet	stack	litter	bundle
battalion	flight					

#### Q.3. Form abstract nouns from the words given in the brackets:

- India gained \_\_\_\_\_ in the year 1947. (free)
- Every school should ensure the \_\_\_\_\_ and security of the students. (safe)
- His \_\_\_\_\_ about cricket is more than any of his peers. (know)
- The Indian team protested against the umpire's \_\_\_\_\_. (Decide)
- Children should avoid movies which depict \_\_\_\_\_. (violent)

### PRONOUNS

#### Q.1. Choose the correct pronoun from the brackets given below:

- This is my new car. Do you know how much ( I , me ) spent to buy ( it , him ) ?
- The manager let ( I , me ) leave the office early when I told ( he , him ) my problem.
- Did (she, her) blame ( I , me ) ? Actually she knew that (him, he) was responsible for this problem.
- Have \_\_\_\_\_ (you , his ) read today's newspaper ? No, Papa is reading it.

#### Q.2. Fill in the blanks using appropriate possessive pronouns:

- Why is she writing with my pen? Where is \_\_\_\_\_?
- \_\_\_\_\_ book has become very popular.
- I bought \_\_\_\_\_ dress from the nearby store and she bought it from elsewhere.
- The house is not \_\_\_\_\_ but \_\_\_\_\_.
- You can give the teacher your notebook, but not \_\_\_\_\_.

#### Q.3. Fill in the blanks with reflexive or emphasizing pronouns:

- John and Ben introduced \_\_\_\_\_ (herself / themselves ) to the party members.
- There is no way you could the finish the whole cake \_\_\_\_\_. ( yourself / itself)
- Nikita has decorated the room for Tisha's surprise birthday party. She is very pleased with \_\_\_\_\_ .(herself / itself)
- Shivam's parents don't want to leave him alone. But he insists that he can look after \_\_\_\_\_. (Himself / themselves)
- Is your dog Bruno not well? He keeps scratching \_\_\_\_\_. (himself /itself)

#### Q.4 Fill in the blanks using appropriate relative pronouns.

- The building \_\_\_\_\_ we just crossed is where my mother works.
- Mr. Raman Mittal , \_\_\_\_\_ was my Science teacher, has resigned from the school

- 3) The person about \_\_\_\_\_ I had been talking came and stood right behind me.  
 4) Gunjan is the singer \_\_\_\_\_ won the award last year.  
 5) The window pane, \_\_\_\_\_ I had recently painted, fell down and broke today.

### ADJECTIVES

**Q.1 Choose the correct answer from the options given below.**

- 1) She gave me \_\_\_\_\_ books to read.  
 a) a little      b) much      c) a few  
 2) I don't have \_\_\_\_\_ money with me right now.  
 a) any      b) few      c) many  
 3) \_\_\_\_\_ knowledge is a dangerous thing.  
 a) a little      b) little      c) few  
 4) Did you get \_\_\_\_\_ response?  
 a) some      b) any      c) many  
 5) We planted \_\_\_\_\_ trees during the eco-week at school.  
 a) any      b) much      c) many

**Q.2 Fill in the blanks by choosing the correct adjectives from the box:**

first	long	some	enough	many	A few	any	a little
-------	------	------	--------	------	-------	-----	----------

- 1) I want \_\_\_ sugar for making the cake.  
 2) He was the \_\_\_ person to reach home.  
 3) Though the journey was \_\_\_\_\_, I managed to reach my destination on time.  
 4) She has \_\_\_\_\_ money to visit Mumbai.  
 5) \_\_\_\_\_ people believed that that India would win the Cricket World Cup.

**Q.3. Fill in the blanks with correct demonstrative, interrogative or possessive adjectives.**

- 1) Return \_\_\_\_\_ books to Rahul.  
 2) \_\_\_\_\_ worker has fallen ill?  
 3) She gave \_\_\_ toys to the girl in the pink dress.  
 4) \_\_\_\_\_ trees behind our house have grown tall.  
 5) Please pass me \_\_\_\_\_ pen.

**Q.4. State the kind of adjectives for the underlined words**

- 1) I have found my pen.  
 2) Which fruit is available in this market?  
 3) These students have participated in the exhibition.  
 4) The colour of the wall is bright  
 5) Few tickets were available for the match.  
 6) She has bought some rice.

### ARTICLES

**Q.1 Tick the correct option to complete the following sentences.**

- 1) He will return in a/ an hour.  
 2) A/An lion is the most ferocious of all the animals.  
 3) She is in a/an hurry.  
 4) He was waiting for a/an opportunity to start his own business.  
 5) Girish wants to become an/ a engineer.

**Q.2 Fill in the blanks with correct indefinite articles. Put a (x) where no article is required.**

- 1) Is there really \_\_\_\_\_ need for this appliance?  
 2) You wouldn't believe it. I had such \_\_\_\_\_ extraordinary dream last night!  
 3) The minister has promised to build more \_\_\_\_\_ airports.  
 4) The tennis player has already won \_\_\_\_\_ grand slam.  
 5) This is \_\_\_\_\_ odd way to whistle!  
 6) My brother is \_\_\_\_\_ excellent teacher. He helps me with grammar.  
 7) The man was wearing \_\_\_\_\_ red and \_\_\_\_\_ black shirt.

**Q.3 Fill in the blanks with 'the' wherever necessary and wherever it is not required put 'X'**

- 1) \_\_\_\_\_ good and the bad always move in opposite directions.  
 2) Barack Obama is the president of \_\_\_\_\_ United States of America.  
 3) \_\_\_\_\_ Valmiki's 'Ramayan' has Lord Rama as its central character.  
 4) \_\_\_\_\_ 'Statue of Liberty' was a gift to America from France.  
 5) He is \_\_\_\_\_ youngest of the two siblings.

## VERBS

**Q.1 Read the following sentences and state whether the verbs are Transitive or Intransitive**

- 1) I lost my pen.
- 2) Aakriti laughed.  
The policeman caught the thieves.
- 4) The eagle has landed.
- 5) Mini wrote a letter to her mother.

3)

**Q.2 Circle the direct objects and underline the indirect objects in the following sentences.**

- 1) Lalit sent Shona an I- pod.
- 2) Shivam brought a glass of water for his brother.
- 3) I gave a pen to my friend.
- 4) Naman threw the ball at her.

**Q3 Complete the following sentences using the past form of the words given in brackets.**

- 1) The wrestler \_\_\_\_\_ (pick) up the rod and \_\_\_\_\_ (bend) it! The crowd \_\_\_\_\_ (look) on in shock.
- 2) Raghu \_\_\_\_\_ (meet) Tina yesterday. They \_\_\_\_\_ (go) out for dinner and \_\_\_\_\_ (talk) for hours.
- 3) The deer \_\_\_\_\_ (run) away the moment we \_\_\_\_\_ (take) out our cameras.

**Q4 Fill in the blanks by choosing suitable complement of the verbs from the box given below.**

neat	amused	guilty	chairman	short	Divya	suitable	pink
------	--------	--------	----------	-------	-------	----------	------

- 1) The jury found him \_\_\_\_\_.
- 2) They left the room \_\_\_\_\_.
- 3) We did not find the proposal \_\_\_\_\_.
- 4) The clowns kept us \_\_\_\_\_.
- 5) They appointed him \_\_\_\_\_.

## SENTENCES

**Q.1 Change the following as directed**

- 1) They have left for Kolkata. (Interrogative Sentence)
- 2) Riya has written the letter to him. (Negative Sentence)
- 3) Gaurav has gone on an expedition. (Interrogative Sentence)
- 4) My friend has finished reading the novel. (Negative Sentence)
- 5) Divya has eaten breakfast. (Interrogative Sentence)
- 6) She has joined them for lunch today. (Negative Sentence)
- 7) Atul has gone to his friend's place. (Interrogative Sentence)
- 8) They have left for Haridwar by car. (Interrogative Sentence)

**Q.2 Rearrange the following words to form correct questions.**

- 1) all the students / gone /have /where/ ?
- 2) your /younger brother /which /for /chosen /you /has /bicycle/ ?
- 3) watered /has /Lalit /not / rose bushes /which/ ?
- 4) yet /you /finished /your homework /haven't / ?

**Q.3. Identify the kinds of sentences:**

- 1) He does not want to go to the party.
- 2) What are you doing here?
- 3) Don't enter my class.
- 4) I take music lessons every week.
- 5) What a beautiful baby he is!

## ENGLISH LITERATURE

Q.1 What qualities did cockroach have in the story named The Cockroach that wrote music ?

Q.2 What type of person was Ghulam Ali in the story named Bade Ghulam Ali Khan?

Q.3 In the story named The Magic teakettle, who helped the junkman become rich and how ?

Q.4 What do you think the Poem named Wandering Singers is about ?

## विषय-हिंदी

### कक्षा- सातवीं

सामान्य निर्देश ; संपूर्ण कार्य एक अलग उत्तर पुस्तिका में सुंदर लेख में करना है।

कक्षा में करवाए गए सम्पूर्ण कार्य की पुनरावृत्ति करके आनी है।

प्र०1- निम्नलिखित काव्यांश को पढ़कर पूछे गए प्रश्नों के उत्तर लिखिए :-

हम पंछी उन्मुक्त गगन के  
पिंजरबद्ध न गा पाएंगे,  
कनक-तीलियों से टकराकर  
पुलकित पंख टूट जाएँगे।

हम बहता जल पीनेवाले  
मर जाएँगे भूखे-प्यासे,  
कही भली है कटुक निबोरी  
कनक-कटोरी की मैदा से।

(क) कविता और कवि का नाम लिखिए ?

(ख) पक्षी अपनी किस विडंबना का वर्णन कर रहे हैं ?

(ग) पक्षी क्या खाना पीना पसंद करते हैं ?

(घ) 'कनक-तीलियों.....टूट जाएँगे' - पंक्ति से कवि क्या स्पष्ट करना चाहते हैं ?

(ङ) दी गई काव्य-पंक्तियाँ से कवि ने पक्षियों की किस चाह को उजागर किया है ? सही विकल्प चुनिए :-

- (i) पिंजरे में रहने की चाह को  (ii) खुले आकाश में उड़ने की चाह को   
(iii) भूखे-प्यासे रहने की चाह को  (iv) बहता जल पीने की चाह को

प्र०2- निम्नलिखित वैकल्पिक प्रश्नों के सही विकल्प चुनकर लिखिए :-

(क) कविता में पक्षियों की किस इच्छा को उजागर किया गया है ?

- (i) पिंजरे में रहने की  (ii) सोने की कटोरी में भोजन करने की   
(iii) सपने में फुनगी पर झूलने की  (iv) खुले आसमान में उड़ने की

(ख) पक्षी क्या सपना देखते हैं ?

- (i) ढेर सारा दाना चुगने का  (ii) छायादार पेड़ की टहनी पर घोंसला बनाने का   
(iii) तरु की फुनगी पर झूला झूलने का  (iv) पिंजरे में सुखपूर्वक रहने का

(ग) पक्षियों के चोंच की तुलना किस्से की गई है ?

- (i) नीले नभ से  (ii) अनार के दानों से   
(iii) सोने की सलाखों से  (iv) सूर्य की लाल किरणों से

(घ) पक्षी कब मधुर स्वर में गीत गाते हैं ?

- (i) जब खुले आसमान में उड़ते हैं  (ii) जब वे पिंजरे में बंद होते हैं   
(iii) जब वे जंजीरों में जकड़े होते हैं  (iv) जब उनके कोमल पंख आहत हो जाते हैं

(ड) इस कविता का मूल उद्देश्य क्या है ?

- (i) पराधीनता का दुखड़ा रोना  (ii) अन्नदाता का गुणगान करना   
(iii) मनुष्य की बुराई करना  (iv) स्वाधीनता का महत्त्व बताना

**प्र०3- अति लघु उत्तरीय प्रश्न :-**

- (क) पक्षी क्या चाहते हैं ?  
(ख) पक्षियों को तारे कैसे प्रतीत होते हैं ?  
(ग) 'क्षितिज' शब्द का अर्थ स्पष्ट कीजिए ।  
(घ) पक्षी अपनी गति और उड़ान कब भूल जाते हैं ?  
(ड) 'कटुक निबौरी' उन्हें क्यों भली लगती है ?

**प्र०4- निम्नलिखित गद्यांश को पढ़कर पूछे गए प्रश्नों के उत्तर लिखिए -**

स्नेह और ममता की मूर्ति दादी माँ की एक-एक बात आज कैसी मालूम होती है । परिस्थितियों का वात्य को सूखे पत्ते सा कैसा नचाता है , इसे दादी माँ भी खूब जानती थीं । दादा की मृत्यु के बाद से ही वे बहुत उदास उन्हें धोखे की टट्टी मालूम होता है । दादा ने उन्हें स्वयं जो धोखा दिया था । वे सदा उन्हें आगे भेजकर अपने पीछे झूठी बात कहा करते थे । दादा की मृत्यु के बाद कुकुरमुत्ते की तरह बढ़ने वाले , मुँह में राम बगल में छुरीवाली शुभचिंता ने स्थिति और भी डाँवाडोल कर दी थीं । दादा के श्राद्ध में दादी माँ के मना करने पर भी पिता जी ने संपत्ति व्यय की , वह घर की तो थी नहीं ।

- (क) लेखक ने दादी माँ को किस विशेषण से सम्मानित किया है ?  
(ख) दादी माँ जीवन के किस सत्य से खूब परिचित थीं ?  
(ग) दादा जी सदा दादी माँ से क्या कहा करते थे ?  
(घ) परिवार की आर्थिक स्थिति क्यों डाँवाडोल हो गई ?

(ड) दादी माँ को संसार कैसा प्रतीत होता था ? सही विकल्प पर (✓) का निशान लगाइए-

- (i) स्वार्थी  
(ii) धोखे की टट्टी  
(iii) सुखदायी  
(iv) दुखदायी

**प्र०5- निम्नलिखित वैकल्पिक प्रश्नों के सही विकल्प चुनकर लिखिए -**

- (क) गाँव के लड़के क्वार के दिनों में क्या करते थे ?

- (i) चिउड़ा और गुड़ खाते थे ।
- (ii) झाग भरे जल में कूदते थे ।
- (iii) मित्रों को छुट्टियों की सूचना देते थे ।
- (iv) बीमार होकर पड़े रहते थे ।
- (ग) राघव बारात में क्यों न जा सका ?

- (i) बीमार होने के कारण
- (ii) औरतों का अभिनय देखने के कारण
- (iii) बहुत अधिक थके होने के कारण
- (iv) देर से पहुँचने के कारण

(घ) दादी माँ ने संदूक खोलकर एक चमकती-सी चीज़ किसे दी ?

- (i) लेखक को
- (ii) लेखक के पिता को
- (iii) किशन भैया को
- (iv) रामी की चाची को

(ङ) 'पूतों फलो ,दूधों नहाओ ' का आशीर्वाद किसने दिया ?

- (i) रामी की चाची ने
- (ii) दादी माँ ने
- (iii) गाँव की स्त्रियों ने
- (iv) देबू की माँ ने

#### प्र०6- अति लघु उत्तरीय प्रश्न

- (क) लेखक के मित्र क्या कह कर उनका मज़ाक उड़ाते थे ?
- (ख) किस महीने में गाँव के चारों ओर पानी-ही-पानी हिलोरें लेता है ?
- (ग) बच्चों को आषाढ़ में क्या खाना अच्छा लगता है ?
- (घ) पचासों किस्म की दवाओं के नाम किसे याद थे ?
- (ङ) दादी माँ ने किसका उधार माफ़ कर दिया था ?

#### प्र०7- लघु उत्तरीय प्रश्न :-

- (क) क्वार के महीने में जलाशयों का जल कैसा हो जाता था ?

#### प्र०8- निम्नलिखित गद्यांश को पढ़कर पूछे गए प्रश्नों के उत्तर लिखिए :-

कहाँ ये भागी जा रही हैं? वह कौन लक्ष्य है जिसने इन्हे बेचैन कर रखा है? अपने महान पिता का विराट प्रेम पाकर अगर इनका हृदय अतृप्त ही है , तो वह कौन होगा जो इनकी प्यास मिटा सकेगा ! बरफ़ जली नंगी पहाड़ियाँ , छोटे-छोटे पौधों से भरी घाटियाँ , बंधुर अधित्यकाएँ , सरसब्ज उपत्यकाएँ - ऐसा है इनका लीला निकेतन ! खेलते-खेलते जब ये सब निकल जाती हैं देवदार , चीड़ , सरो , चिनार , सफ़ेद , कैल के जंगलों में पहुँचकर शायद इन्हे बीती बातें याद करने का मौका मिल जाता होगा । कौन जाने , बुढ़ा हिमाचल अपनी इन नटखट बेटियों के लिए कितना सर धुन्ता होगा ! बड़ी-बड़ी चोटियों से जाकर पूछिए तो उत्तर में विराट मौन के सिवाय उनके पास और रखा ही क्या है ?

- (क) 'ये' संबोधन किसके लिए है ?

(ख) इनका लीला निकेतन कैसा है ?

(ग) खेलते-खेलते ये कहाँ दूर निकल जाती है ?

(घ) हिमालय इनकी चिंता में क्या करता होगा ?

(ङ) हिमालय के लिए लेखक ने कौन-सा विशेषण प्रयुक्त किया है ? सही विकल्प पर (✓) का निशान लगाइए-

(i) ऊँचा

(ii) विशाल

(iii) बुड़ढा

(iv) पथरीली

**प्र०9- निम्नलिखित वैकल्पिक प्रश्नों के सही विकल्प चुनकर लिखिए :-**

कालिदास के विरही यक्ष ने अपने मेघदूत से कहा था - वेत्रवती (बेतवा) नदी को प्रेम का प्रतिदान देते जाना , तुम्हारी वह प्रेयसी तुम्हें पाकर अवश्य ही प्रसन्न होगी । यह बात इन चंचल नदियों को देखकर मुझे अचानक याद आ गई और सोचा कि शायद उस महाकवि को भी नदियों का सचेतन रूपक पसंद था । दरसल जो भी कोई नदियों को पहाड़ी घाटियों और समतल आँगनों के मैदानों में जुदा - जुदा शक्लों में देखेगा , वह इसी नतीजे पर पहुँचेगा ।

(क) वेत्रवती किसे कहा गया है ?

(ख) चंचल कौन है ?

(ग) लेखक ने विरही किसे कहा है ?

(घ) महाकवि कालिदास को क्या पसंद था ?

(ङ) मेघदूत की प्रेयसी कौन है ? सही विकल्प पर (✓) का निशान लगाइए-

(i) यक्ष

(ii) चंचल

(iii) बेतवा

(iv) नदियाँ

**प्र०10- निम्नलिखित वैकल्पिक प्रश्नों के सही विकल्प चुनकर लिखिए -**

(क) लेखक नदियों की धारा में डुबकी लगाते हुए किसकी गोद का स्मरण किया करते थे ?

(i) माँ की गोद का

(ii) पिता की गोद का

(iii) माँ और दादी की गोद का

(iv) चाची और नानी की गोद

(ख) हिमालय की बेटियों की उछल-कूद कहाँ गायब हो जाती है ?

(i) समतल मैदानों में जाकर

(ii) घाटियों में जाकर

(iii) पहाड़ियों के बीच

(iv) सघन वृक्षों से टकराकर

(ग) लेखक ने दयालु हिमालय के पिघले हुए दिल की संचित बूँदें किसे कहा है ?

(i) हिमालय पर जमी बर्फ को

(ii) झीलों को

(iii) सिंधु और ब्रह्मपुत्र को

(iv) छोटे पौधों से भरी घाटियों को



प्र०11- निम्नलिखित काव्यांश को पढ़कर पूछे गए प्रश्नों के उत्तर लिखिए :-

कठपुतली

गुस्से से उबली

बोली- ये धागे

क्यों हैं मेरे पीछे-आगे ?

इन्हे तोड़ दो ;

मुझे मेरे पाँवों पर छोड़ दो ।

(क) कठपुतली धागों से क्यों परेशान है ?

(ख) वह धागों को क्यों तोड़ना चाहती है ?

(ग) कठपुतली के स्वर में किस तरह का भाव झलकता है ?

(घ) कठपुतली स्वयं को कहाँ छोड़ने की बात कर रही है ? सही विकल्प पर ( ) का निशान लगाइए :-

(i) मंच पर

(ii) जमीन पर

(iii) अपने पाँवों पर

(iv) घर पर

प्र०12- निम्नलिखित काव्यांश को पढ़कर पूछे गए प्रश्नों के उत्तर लिखिए :-

सुनकर बोलीं और-और

कठपुतलियाँ

कि हों ,

बहुत दिन हुए

हमें अपने मन के छंद छुए ।

(क) कविता और कवि का नाम लिखिए ।

(ख) पहली कठपुतली का किसने समर्थन किया और क्यों ?

(ग) 'हमें अपने मन के छंद छुए ।' से क्या भाव स्पष्ट होता है ?

(घ) कठपुतलियों के अनुसार किस बात को बहुत दिन हो गए ? सही विकल्प पर (✓) का निशान लगाइए :-

(i) नृत्य किए हुए

(ii) गीत सुनाए हुए

(iii) मनोनुकूल कार्य किए हुए

(iv) गीत सुने हुए

प्र०13- निम्नलिखित वैकल्पिक प्रश्नों के सही विकल्प चुनकर लिखिए :-

(क) कठपुतलियों के क्रोध का क्या कारण है ?

(i) उनके वस्त्र सुंदर नहीं हैं

(ii) वे दूसरे के वश में हैं

(iii) उनके आगे पीछे धागे बंधे हुए हैं

(iv) उन्हें नाचना पड़ता है

(ख) 'मगर' शब्द से कठपुतली की कौन-सी भावना व्यक्त होती है ?

(i) आनंद की भावना

(ii) चिंता की भावना

(iii) क्रोध की भावना

(iv) आश्चर्य की भावना

**प्र०14- अति लघु उत्तरीय प्रश्न :-**

(क) कठपुतली के मन में सहसा कौन-सा भाव उमड़ा ?

(ख) कठपुतली को गुस्सा क्यों आया ?

(ग) कठपुतलियाँ किसकी प्रतीक हैं ?

**प्र०15- लघु उत्तरीय प्रश्न :-**

(क) दूसरी कठपुतलियों ने क्या किया ?

(ख) दूसरी कठपुतलियाँ क्या चाहती थीं ?

(ग) पहली कठपुतली क्या सोचने लगी ?

**प्र०16- निम्नलिखित गद्यांश को पढ़कर पूछे गए प्रश्नों के उत्तर लिखिए :-**

छह महीने बाद -

नगरभर में दो-चार दिनों से एक मुरलीवाले के आने का समाचार फैल गया | लोग कहने लगे- "भाई वाह ! मुरली बजाने में वह एक ही उस्ताद है | मुरली बजाकर , गाना सुनाकर वह मुरली बेचता भी है , सो भी दो-दो पैसे में | भला इसमें उसे क्या मिलता होगा ? मेहनत भी तो न आती होगी !"

एक व्यक्ति ने पूछ लिया- "कैसा है वह मुरलीवाला , मैंने तो उसे नहीं देखा !"

उत्तर मिला-"उम्र तो उसकी अभी अधिक न होगी, यही तीस-बत्तीस का होगा | दुबला-पतला गोरा युवक है , बीकानेर का रंगीन साफ़ा बाँधता है |"

"वही तो नहीं ; जो पहले खिलौने बेचा करता था ?"

"क्या वह पहले खिलौने भी बेचा करता था ?"

"हाँ , जो आकार-प्रकार तुमने बतलाया , उसी प्रकार का वह भी था |"

"तो वही होगा | पर भई , है वह एक उस्ताद |"

(क) नगर में कौन-सा समाचार फैल गया ?

(ख) लोग उसके विषय में क्या कहते थे ?

(ग) मुरलीवाला देखने में कैसा लगता था ?

(घ) लोगों ने उसका संबंध किससे जोड़ा और क्यों ?

(ङ) मुरलीवाले की उम्र कितनी थी ? सही विकल्प पर (✓) का निशान लगाइए :-

- (i) पच्चीस-तीस साल (ii) तीस-बत्तीस साल  
(iii) पैंतीस-चालीस साल (iv) चालीस-पैंतालीस साल

**प्र०17- निम्नलिखित गद्यांश को पढ़कर पूछे गए प्रश्नों के उत्तर लिखिए :-**

विजय बाबू भीतर-बाहर दोनों रूप में मुस्करा दिए | मन-ही-मन कहने लगे-कैसा है ! देता तो सबको इसी भाव से है , पर मुझ पर उल्टा एहसान लाद रहा है | फिर बोले-"तुम लोगों की झूठ बोलने की आदत होती है | देते होंगे सभी को दो-दो पैसे में , पर एहसान का बोझा मेरे ही ऊपर लाद रहे हो |

मुरलीवाला एकदम अप्रतिभ हो उठा | बोला-"आपको क्या पता बाबूजी इसकी असली लागत क्या है! यह तो ग्राहकों का दस्तूर होता होता है की दुकानदार चाहे हानि उठाकर चीज़ क्यों न बेचे , पर ग्राहक यही सोचते हैं की दुकानदार मुझे लूट रहा है | आप भला काहेको विश्वास करेंगे ? लेकिन सच पूछिए तो बाबूजी , असली दाम दो ही पैसा है | आप कहीं से दो पैसे में ये मुरली नहीं पा सकते | मैंने तो पूरी एक हज़ार बनवाई थीं , तब मुझे इस भाव पड़ी है |"

- (क) विजय बाबू किस प्रकार मुसकरा दिए ?  
(ख) विजय बाबू मन ही मन क्या कहने लगे ?  
(ग) दुकानदार के विषय में ग्राहक क्या समझते हैं ?  
(घ) मुरली वाले ने मुरली का दाम क्या बताया ?

(ङ) मुरलीवाले ने कुल कितनी मुरलियाँ बनवाई थीं ? सही विकल्प पर (✓) निशान लगाइए :-

- (i) पांच सौ (ii) एक हजार  
(iii) दो हजार (iv) पंद्रह सौ

**प्र०18- निम्नलिखित वैकल्पिक प्रश्नों के सही विकल्प चुनकर लिखिए :-**

(क) बच्चे पुलकित होकर किसे घर लेते थे ?

- (i) राय विजय बहादुर को (ii) खिलौनेवाले को  
(iii) रोहिणी को (iv) दादी को

(ख) मिठाईवाले ने एक पैसे में कितनी मिठाई दीं ?

- (i) पच्चीस मिठाइयाँ (ii) बीस मिठाइयाँ  
(iii) सोलह मिठाइयाँ (iv) दस मिठाइयाँ

(ग) मुरलीवाले को एक मुरली कितने पैसे में पड़ी थी ?

- (i) पाँच पैसे में (ii) चार पैसे में  
(iii) दो पैसे में (iv) तीन पैसे में

# MATHEMATICS

## ASSIGNMENT - 1

### 1. INTEGERS

1. List (give only name) the properties of Addition of Integers ( with one example each )
2. Find the product of
  - a.  $(-12) \times (-11) \times 10$
  - b.  $(-23) \times (-19)$
  - c.  $(-1) \times (-2) \times (-3) \times (-4)$
3. Find the sum of
  - a.  $(-2035)$  and  $297$
  - b.  $(-235)$  and  $(-975)$
  - c.  $(-762)$  and  $(1024)$
4. Find product : -
  - a.  $(-3) \times (-3) \times (-3) \times \dots \dots \dots 6$  times.
  - b.  $(-1) \times (-1) \times (-1) \times \dots \dots \dots 66$  times
  - c.  $(-1) \times (-1) \times (-1) \times \dots \dots \dots 669$  times
5. Find the product using suitable identity :  $7 \times (50 - 2)$
6. Simplify :-  $\{-17 - (-46)\} + \{-98 - (-15)\}$
7. Subtract  $(-134)$  from the sum of  $38$  and  $(-87)$ .
8. Subtract—
  - a.  $(-37)$  from  $(-53)$
  - b.  $(-715)$  from  $(389)$
  - c.  $(295)$  from  $(-159)$
9. Divide and find the quotient –
  - a.  $(-1728) \div 12$
  - b.  $(-30000) \div (-100)$
  - c.  $(15625) \div (-125)$
10. Find the product using suitable property:-
  - a.  $26 \times (-48) + (-48) \times (-36)$
  - b.  $783 \times (-97) + (-783) \times 3$
  - c.  $9 \times (-13) + 9 \times (-7)$
11. The sum of two integers is  $65$ . If one of them is  $-31$ , find the other.
12. The difference of an integer  $a$  and  $(-6)$  is  $4$ . Find the value of  $a$ .
13. Verify :  $(-21) \times [(4) + (-6)] = [(-21) \times (4)] + [(-21) \times (-6)]$
14. If  $a = 2$ ,  $b = -3$ ,  $c = 4$   
Verify (i)  $a + (b + c) = (a + b) + c$       (ii)  $a \times (b \times c) = (a \times b) \times c$
15. Write
  - a. Pair of integers whose sum gives Zero
  - b. Pair of integers whose sum gives  $-9$
  - c. Pair of integers whose difference is  $-15$
  - d. A negative integer and a positive integers whose sum is  $-23$ .

## ASSIGNMENT - 2

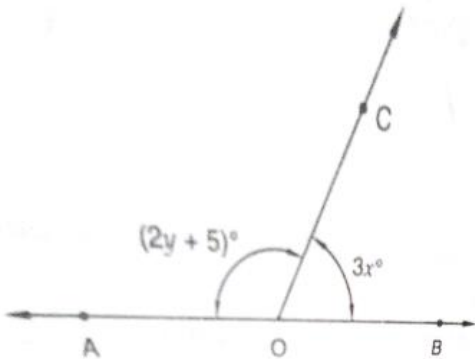
### 2. FRACTIONS

1. Solve :-
  - a.  $4 + \frac{7}{8}$
  - b.  $5 \times \frac{3}{11}$
2. Find  $\frac{1}{2}$  of  $46$
3. Convert into a mixed fraction  $\frac{79}{15}$
4. Convert into an improper fraction  $4\frac{4}{7}$
5. Write down the reciprocal of  $\frac{14}{9}$
6. Evaluate :  $\frac{3}{7} \times \frac{5}{9}$
7. Evaluate :-  $\frac{3}{5} + \frac{7}{5}$
8. Arrange in descending order:  
 $\frac{1}{5}, \frac{3}{7}, \frac{7}{10}$
9. Divide :  $6$  by  $\frac{11}{16}$

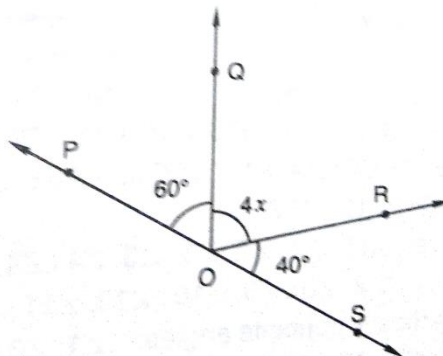
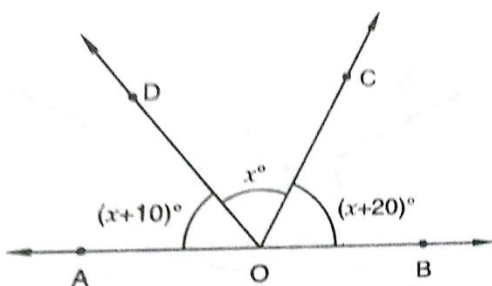
10. Find  $\frac{5}{11}$  of Rs. 220
11. If 1 meter cloth costs Rs.  $32\frac{2}{3}$ , find the cost of  $5\frac{1}{7}$  metres cloth.
12. A rectangular sheet of paper is  $12\frac{3}{4}$  cm long and  $10\frac{3}{4}$  cm wide. Find its perimeter.
13. What should be added to  $7\frac{3}{4}$  to get  $18\frac{3}{4}$ ?
14. Simplify :  $\frac{2}{3} + \frac{5}{6} - \frac{1}{9}$
15. The product of two numbers is 40. If one of the number is  $6\frac{2}{9}$  find the other.
16. Calculate :-  
 $\frac{7}{10} + \frac{2}{5} + \frac{3}{2}$
17. Michel finished colouring a picture in  $7\frac{6}{7}$  hour. Vaibhav finished colouring the same picture in  $3\frac{8}{9}$  hour. Who worked longer? By what fraction was it longer?
18. Sameera purchased  $3\frac{4}{5}$  kg apples and  $4\frac{5}{3}$  kg oranges. What is the total weight of fruits purchased by her?
19. Simplify :  
 a.  $7\frac{5}{9} \times 1\frac{7}{17} \times 13\frac{1}{2}$   
 b.  $\frac{14}{15} \times \frac{45}{51} \times \frac{34}{35}$

**ASSIGNMENT - 3**  
**13. LINES AND ANGLES**

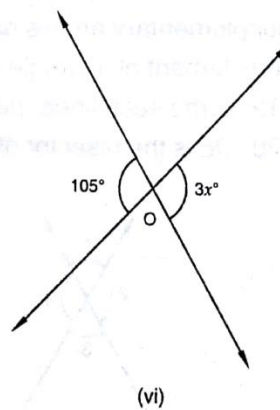
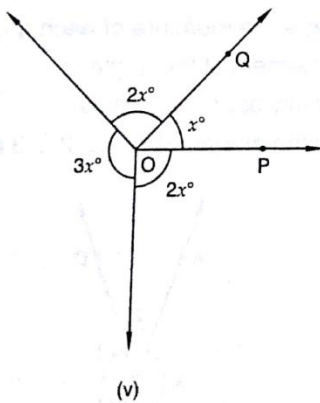
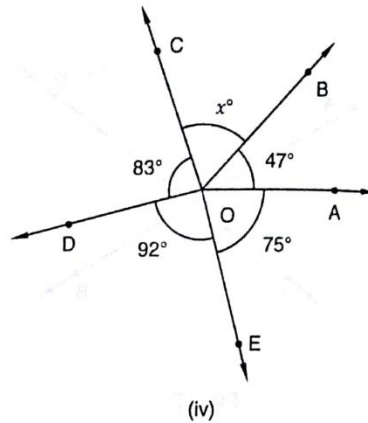
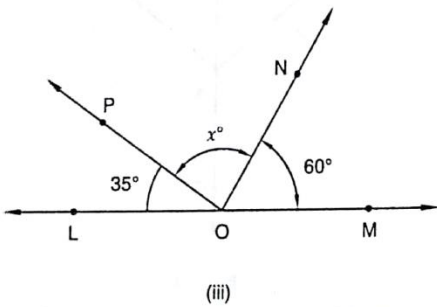
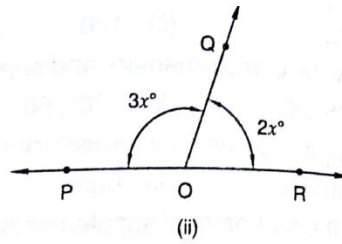
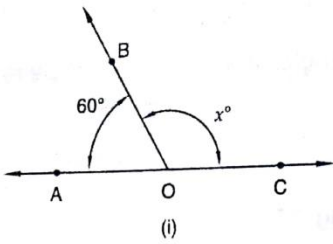
1. Find the complement of :  
 a.  $86^\circ$                       b.  $66^\circ$                                       c.  $22^\circ$
2. Find the supplement of :  
 a.  $96^\circ$                               b.  $139^\circ$                                       c.  $25^\circ$
3. Find the angle which is twice to its supplement.
4. Find the angle which is equal to its complement
5. Two supplementary angles differ by  $34^\circ$ . Find the angles.
6. If a)  $x = 25^\circ$ , find the value of y                      b)  $y = 35^\circ$ , find the value of x



7. Solve for x and find all the angles :



8. Find the value of  $x$  in each case:



#### ASSIGNMENT - 4 COLLECTION AND ORGANISATION OF DATA

1. Define :
 

a. Data	b. Raw data	c. Array	d. Tabulation of data
e. Observation	f. Frequency	g. Statistics	
2. Find the mean of first 7 multiples of 5.
3. Find the mean of first 8 prime numbers.
4. Find the mean of first 6 composite numbers.
5. Find the mean marks of the 10 students out of 50 of a class are given as  
40, 42, 25, 30, 42, 36, 10, 0, 20, 50
6. A dice was thrown 25 times and the following are outcomes:  
5, 1, 2, 3, 3, 4, 5, 4, 4, 6, 6, 3, 2, 4, 1, 1, 5, 6, 4, 5, 2, 2, 3, 3, 2  
Prepare a frequency table
7. The following table shows the height of 15 students. Find the mean height

Height in cm	150	145	160	155	153
No. of stud.	4	2	3	1	5

8. A batsman scored the following number of runs in five innings:56,53,50,36,60. Calculate the mean runs scored by him in an inning.

9. The following table shows the weight (in kg) of 10 workers in a factory:

Weight (in kg)	56	53	58	62	65
No. of workers	3	3	2	1	1

Calculate the mean weight.

10. The score in mathematics test (out of 25)of 15 students are as follows:  
19,25,23,20,9,20,15,10,5,16,25,20,24,12,20. Find the mean of this data.
11. The weights of 10 students (in kg)are  
38 , 42 , 35 , 37 , 45 , 50 , 32 , 43 , 40 , 36. Find median.
12. Find the median of the following data.
  1. 52,41,22,62,81,71,60,92,91,40,31
  2. 92,104,101,43,107,63,64,120,93,32
13. Find the mode of numbers  
1, 2 , 2 , 2 , 2 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 4 , 4 , 5 , 5 , 5 , 6 , 6 , 8 , 8 , 2 , 5 , 4 , 7 , 5 , 5 , 8 , 12 , 8 , 9
14. Find the mean, median, and mode of the following data  
12 , 3 , 18 , 7 , 4 , 9 , 7 , 19 , 20 , 15 , 8 , 17 , 2  
they equal?
15. Find the median of first 9 odd numbers.
16. Find the median of first 14 even numbers.

## **SCIENCE**

### **ASSIGNMENT 1**

#### **1. NUTRITION IN PLANTS**

**1. Answer in one word :**

- i. Process of obtaining nutrition for growth and development \_\_\_\_\_
- ii. Pigment which gives green colour to plants \_\_\_\_\_
- iii. Stacks of Thylakoids \_\_\_\_\_
- iv. Organelle that contains chlorophyll \_\_\_\_\_
- v. Stacks of chlorophyll containing discs \_\_\_\_\_
- vi. Tissue that carry water and minerals in plants \_\_\_\_\_
- vii. Tissue that carry prepared food in plants \_\_\_\_\_

**2. Answer the following questions :**

- i. Write the types of nutrition in plants.
- ii. What is photosynthesis?
- iii. List the raw materials required for the process of photosynthesis.
- iv. What is the function of chlorophyll?
- v. What are the different types of heterotrophic nutrition in plants?
- vi. What are lichens?
- vii. What are Rhizobium bacteria?

**3. Give 2 examples each :**

- |                           |                        |
|---------------------------|------------------------|
| i. Parasitic plants       | ii. Saprophytic plants |
| iii. Insectivorous plants | iv. Symbiotic plants   |

**4. Differentiate between :**

- i. Parasitic relationship and Symbiotic relationship
- ii. Autotrophs and Heterotrophs
- iii. Partial Parasites and Complete Parasite

**5 . Paste the pictures of the following :**

- |                  |               |                    |                 |
|------------------|---------------|--------------------|-----------------|
| i. Venus flytrap | ii. Rafflesia | iii. Pitcher plant | iv. Bladderwort |
|------------------|---------------|--------------------|-----------------|

**6. Plant a sapling.**

## **ASSIGNMENT 2**

### **4. CHEMICALS AND CHEMICAL CHANGES**

**1. Answer in one word :**

- i. The smallest unit of matter \_\_\_\_\_

- ii. Two or more elements that are chemically bound together \_\_\_\_\_
- iii. Substances that are made of only one kind of atom \_\_\_\_\_
- iv. Substances that are made of two or more kind of atoms \_\_\_\_\_
- v. Representation of an element \_\_\_\_\_
- vi. Representation of a compound \_\_\_\_\_
- vii. Number of atoms that make up an element \_\_\_\_\_
- viii. Combining capacity of the atom \_\_\_\_\_

**2. Answer the following questions :**

- i. What is galvanization?
- ii. What is rusting and browning?
- iii. Make the chemical formula for
  - a. Magnesium Oxide                      b. Sodium Chloride                      c. Calcium Oxide
  - d. Magnesium Chloride                  e. Aluminium Chloride                  f. Sodium Oxide
- iv. Write the formula for
  - a. Methane                                  b. Hydrochloric acid                      c. Ammonia gas
  - d. Lime Water                              e. Sulphuric Acid                          f. Common Salt
- v. Balance the following equations
  - a.  $Fe + O_2 \rightarrow Fe_2O_3$
  - b.  $CuSO_4 + H_2S \rightarrow CuS + H_2SO_4$
  - c.  $Fe + CuSO_4 \rightarrow FeSO_4 + Cu$
  - d.  $CO_2 + Ca(OH)_2 \rightarrow CaCO_3 + H_2O$
- vi. How will you detect the formation
  - a. Hydrogen gas during a chemical reaction.
  - b. Carbon dioxide gas during a chemical reaction

**3. Differentiate between :**

- i. Compound and Mixture
- ii. Endothermic reaction and Exothermic reaction
- iii. Reactant and Product
- iv. Chemical Change and Physical Change

**ASSIGNMENT 3**  
**6. HEAT AND TEMPERATURE**

**1. Answer in one word :**

- i. The SI unit of heat \_\_\_\_\_
- ii. The SI unit of temperature \_\_\_\_\_
- iii. Instrument used to measure temperature \_\_\_\_\_
- iv. Materials that conduct heat \_\_\_\_\_
- v. Materials that donot conduct heat \_\_\_\_\_

**2. Give reason :**

- i. We wear dark coloured clothes in winter.
- ii. We wear light coloured clothes in summer.
- iii. The inside of solar cooker is painted black.
- iv. The handle of cooking utensils are made of plastic.

**3. Answer the following questions :**

- i. What is maximum-minimum temperature?
- ii. What precautions should be taken while using clinical thermometer?
- iii. Why mercury is used in thermometer?
- iv. Give the parts of thermometer.
- v. What precautions should be taken while using laboratory thermometer?
- vi. Write the commonly used temperature scale.
- vii. What is absolute scale of temperature?
- viii. What is meant by transfer of heat?
- ix. List 2 practical applications of conduction , convection and radiation.
- x. Differentiate between clinical thermometer and laboratory thermometer.

**4. Convert** a) 35° C into °F    b ) 113°F into °C                      c) 104°F into °C



**5. Complete the table :**

	Celsius Scale	Fahrenheit Scale	Kelvin Scale
Freezing Point of water			
Boiling Point of water			

	Conduction	Convection	Radiation
Takes place in			
Medium needed			
Movement of particles			

**SOCIAL SCIENCE**

**History**

**Chapter 1 : When, Where and How**

Total Marks : 20

Ques 1. Define the following. (1x3=3 Marks)

- a. Cartography
- b. Numismatics
- c. Bhakti

Ques 2. Multiple Choice Questions (0.5x4=2 Marks)

- I. Persian wheel is used in-
  - a. Irrigation
  - b. Weaving
  - c. Driving
- II. Al Beruni was a
  - a. Chinese Traveller
  - b. Afghan Traveller
  - c. Consolidated Mughal empire
- III. Which of the following is not an archaeological evidence?
  - a. Inscriptions
  - b. Coins
  - c. Chronicles
- IV. Wordings inscribed on a coin, pillar, monument or seal is known as:
  - a. Sculptures
  - b. Inscriptions
  - c. Epigraphy

Ques 3. Fill in the blanks; (0.5x4=2 Marks)

- a. Holy book of Muslims is known as .....
- b. The name of Babur's autobiography is known as.....
- c. After Prophet Muhammad's death, the Muslim community split into two major sects.....and .....
- d. The early Medieval period runs between.....CE.

Ques 4. Write True or False for the following statements: (0.5x6=3Marks)

- a. Persian wheel is used in Driving
- b. Archives are places where historical documents are kept.
- c. Chronicle is an archaeological source of information.
- d. Medieval period is further subdivided into two parts early and later.
- e. Muslims established their kingdom in South India during Medieval times.
- f. We do not find inscriptions for the period after 700 CE.

Ques 5. Answer the following questions in brief. (2x2=4Marks)

- a. Name few sources to gather information about history.
- b. State any two difficulties historians face in using manuscripts?

Ques 6. Answer the following questions in detail. ( 3x2=6Marks)

- a. What were the important kingdoms that flourished in India during early medieval period?
- b. Briefly discuss the religious developments that took place in India during the medieval period?

## Chapter 2: Early Medieval Period

Total marks: 20

Ques 1. Define the following. (1x3=3 Marks)

- a. Mandalams
- b. Brahmadeva
- c. Patron

Ques 2. Multiple Choice Questions (0.5x4=2 Marks)

- I. Shahnama written by Firdausi is biography of-
  - a. Shahjahan
  - b. Akbar
  - c. Mahmud of Ghazni
- II. The Pratiharas declined after being defeated by-
  - a. Harshvardhana
  - b. Mahmud of Ghazni
  - c. Rajputs
- III. The tax free land granted to Brahmins was known as
  - a. Brahmdeva
  - b. Mandalam
  - c. Kovlm
- IV. Brihadeshwara temple at Tanjavur was built by:
  - a. RajendraChola
  - b. Shrivijaya
  - c. Rajaraja I

Ques 3. Fill in the blanks; (0.5x4=2 Marks)

- a. After the death of....., North India broke up into several small kingdoms.
- b. .... invaded India in 11<sup>th</sup> Century.
- c. RajendraChola I sent navy against the South-East Asian kingdom of.....
- d. In the second battle of Tarain,.....was defeated by.....

Ques 4. Write True or False for the following statements. (0.5x6=3 Marks)

- a. Second battle of Tarain was fought in 1191.
- b. Mahmud of Ghazni defeated Pratiharas.
- c. Tahqiq-i-Hind was written by Al beruni.
- d. Prithviraj defeated Muhammad Ghori.
- e. The Palas, Pratiharas and Rashtrakutas fought for the control of Kannauj.
- f. Many areas were ruled by defeated Rajas called Samantas.

Ques5. Answer the following questions in brief. (2x2=4 Marks)

- a. What were the achievements of the navy of RajendraChola I?
- b. What do you know about the origin of Rajputs?

Ques 6. Answer the following questions in detail. ( 3x2=6 Marks)

- a. How did the Rashtrakutas become powerful?
- b. Write a short note on the Chola administration.

## Chapter 3: The Delhi Sultanate

Total marks: 20

Ques1. Define the following. (1x3=3 Marks)

- a. Tanka
- b. Massacre
- c. Hoarding.

Ques2. Multiple Choice Questions (0.5x4=2Marks)

- I. News reporters in Delhi Sultanate were known as-
  - a. Mumalik
  - b. Barids
  - c. Muqaddam

- II. Tughlaq dynasty was founded by:
  - a. Muhammad bin Tughluq
  - b. Ghiyasuddin Tughlaq
  - c. Firoz Shah Tughlaq
- III. Delhi Sultanate was established by:
  - a. Iltutmish
  - b. Qutubuddin Aibak
  - c. Bahlol Lodi
- IV. Babur defeated Ibrahim Lodi in-
  - a. 1526 CE
  - b. 1524 CE
  - c. 1627 CE

Ques 3. Fill in the blanks: (0.5x4=2 Marks)

- a. Practice of 'Sijdah' was started by.....
- b. Iltutmish's daughter ..... succeeded him.
- c. Muhammad Bin Tughluq shifted capital from..... to.....
- d. ....founded Lodi dynasty

Ques 4. Write True or False for the following statements. (0.5x6=3 Marks)

- a. Sikander Lodi was the founder of Lodi dynasty
- b. Qutubuddin completed the construction of Qutub Minar.
- c. The final blow to Tughluq Empire was given by Babur.
- d. Muhammad Bin Tughluq decided to shift his capital from Delhi to Kannauj
- e. Balban weakened the powers of Chahalgani
- f. The Khaljis were succeeded by Tughluq dynasty.

Ques 5. Answer the following questions in brief. (2x2=4 Marks)

- a. What was Minhaj-us-Siraj's attitude towards Razia?
- b. State any two steps Alauddin Khalji took to strengthen his army.

Ques 6. Answer the following questions in detail. (3x2= 6 Marks)

- a. Describe the economic measures adopted by Alauddin Khalji.
- b. Describe the welfare measures taken by Firoz Shah.

### Civics

#### **Chapter one: Emergence of Democracy: A Historical Perspective**

Total Marks: 20

Ques 1: Define the following. (1x3=3 Marks)

- a. Feudalism
- b. Universal adult franchise
- c. Democracy

Ques 2: Multiple Choice Questions (0.5x4=2 Marks)

- I. Secret ballot means-
  - a. Freedom while voting
  - b. Secret elections
  - c. Secret Campaign
- II. Male citizens of Athens gathered together about:
  - a. 30 times a year
  - b. 40 times a year
  - c. 50 times a year
- III. Which of the following cannot be a reason for By-elections?
  - a. Death of the candidate
  - b. Resignation of the candidate
  - c. The candidate is not performing his duties properly.
- IV. Two major parties constitute a:
  - a. Bi-party system
  - b. Multi-Party

c. Parliamentary system

Ques 3. Fill in the blanks; (0.5x4=2 Marks)

- a. In.....form of government, President is elected by the group
- b. ....parties are not part of the government
- c. ....is a contest between different political parties.
- d. .... of candidates is the first stage in the process of election.

Ques4. Write True or False for the following statements. (0.5x6=3 Marks)

- a. Three major parties constitute a Bi-party
- b. Akali Dal is a national party
- c. Franchise is the right to vote in a country's election.
- d. Feudalism was practiced in England.
- e. In parliamentary democracy the leader of the majority party is elected as Prime minister.

Ques 5. Answer the following questions in brief. (2x2=4 Marks)

- a. Differentiate between a national and a regional party.
- b. Explain accommodation of differences as the significant element of democracy

Ques6. Answer the following questions in detail. (3x2=6 Marks)

- a. What is election? What are the different stages of the process of elections?
- b. Discuss different types of party system.

## GEOGRAPHY

### Chapter one: Our Environment

Total marks: 20

Ques1: Define the following. (1x3=3 Marks)

- a. Decomposers
- b. Biosphere
- c. Environment

Ques2: Multiple Choice Questions (0.5x4=2 Marks)

- I. How much earth's surface hydrosphere covers?
  - a. 71%
  - b. 91%
  - c. 41%
- II. Which among the following is the primary source of energy?
  - a. Coal
  - b. Running water
  - c. Sun
- III. The life bearing layer of earth's surface is called:
  - a. Biotic layer
  - b. Biosphere
  - c. Atmosphere
- IV. Which of the following is not a biotic component of environment?
  - a. Plant
  - b. Animal
  - c. Light

Ques 3: Fill in the blanks: (0.5x4=2 Marks)

- a. ....is the realm of water.
- b. Abiotic component of environment includes..... and .....
- c. ....are those who eat both plants and meat.
- d. ....links various continents

Ques4: Write True or False for the following statements. (0.5x6=3 Marks)

- a. The average thickness of Biosphere is about 90 km.
- b. Biosphere is a gaseous envelope surrounding the earth.
- c. Land is not a component of environment
- d. The components of environment remain static over a long period of time.

- e. Many human activities effect the environment adversely.  
f. Biosphere is the layer of Earth which consists of rock material.

Ques5: Answer the following questions in brief. (2x2=4 Marks)

- a. What is biosphere?  
b. Write one point of difference between biotic and abiotic environment.

Ques 6. Answer the following questions in detail. ( 3x2=6 Marks)

- a. Why do we need to protect our environment?  
b. Write two point of difference between hydrosphere and lithosphere.

### विषय-संस्कृत

सामान्यनिर्देश : सम्पूर्णकार्य एकअलगउत्तरपुस्तिकामेंसुंदरलेखमेंकरनाहै।

कक्षामेंकरवाएगएसम्पूर्णकार्यकीपुनरावृत्तिकरकेआनीहै।

प्र०1-एकपदेनउत्तरत :-

एकपदमेंउत्तरदीजिए :-

- (क) प्रातःकःउदयति ? \_\_\_\_\_  
(ख) जनाःप्रातःभ्रमणायकुत्रगच्छन्ति ? \_\_\_\_\_  
(ग) सुगन्धाकिंपश्यति ? \_\_\_\_\_  
(घ) कापरिवारेणसहभ्रमणायगमिष्यति ? \_\_\_\_\_  
(ङ) सुगन्धाकस्मैक्रीडनकानिदास्यति ? \_\_\_\_\_

प्र०2- पूर्णवाक्येनउत्तरत :-

पूर्णवाक्यमेंउत्तरदीजिए :-

- (क) प्रातःजागरणंकस्मैहितकारिभवति ? \_\_\_\_\_  
(ख) पिताकिमर्थउद्यानंगच्छति ? \_\_\_\_\_  
(ग) प्रातःकालस्यभ्रमणेनकिंभवति ? \_\_\_\_\_  
(घ) यामिनीकेनसहभ्रमणायगमिष्यति ? \_\_\_\_\_  
(ङ) सुगन्धाश्वःकुत्रगमिष्यति ? \_\_\_\_\_

प्र०3- अधोलिखितानांवाक्यानांनिर्देशानुसारवचनंपरिवर्तयत :-

निम्नलिखितवाक्योंकेनिर्देशानुसारवचनबदलिए :-

- (i) अहंदास्यामि । (बहुवचने) \_\_\_\_\_  
(ii) त्वंममगृहमआगमिष्यसि । (द्विवचने) \_\_\_\_\_  
(iii) सःदूरदर्शनंपश्यति । (बहुवचने) \_\_\_\_\_  
(iv) वयंगमिष्यामः । (एकवचने) \_\_\_\_\_  
(v) सःनंस्यति । (बहुवचने) \_\_\_\_\_

प्र०4-प्रदत्तेभ्यःविकल्पेभ्यउचितमउत्तरंचित्वारिक्तस्थानानिपूरयत:-

दियेगयेविकल्पोंसेउचितउत्तरचुनकररिक्तस्थानोंकीपूर्तिकिजिए :-

- (i) एषाप्रभातवेला \_\_\_\_\_।  
(क) अस्ति  (ख) सन्ति  (ग) स्तः   
(ii) प्रातःजागरणंस्वास्थ्यायहितकारी \_\_\_\_\_  
(क) भवन्ति  (ख) भवतः  (ग) भवति   
(iii) त्वंअनुजायकिं \_\_\_\_\_?

(क) ददाति  (ख) दास्यति  (ग) दास्यसि

(iv) किंत्वंश्वःममगृहम् \_\_\_\_\_ ?

(क) आगमिष्यति  (ख) आगमिष्यसि  (ग) आगमिष्यामि

(v) अहंअपिपितृव्यस्यगृहं \_\_\_\_\_ ?

(क) गमिष्यामि  (ख) गमिष्यति  (ग) गमिष्यसि

**प्र०5- निम्नधातुरूपाणिलृट्लकारेपरिवर्तनंकुरुत :-**

निम्नधातुरूपांकोलृट्लकार (भविष्यत्काल) मेंपरिवर्तनकीजिए :-

(क) चलति - \_\_\_\_\_

(ख) भवतः - \_\_\_\_\_

(ग) गच्छामि - \_\_\_\_\_

(घ) यच्छावः - \_\_\_\_\_

(ङ) क्रुध्यन्ति - \_\_\_\_\_

**प्र०6- प्रदत्तभ्यःविकल्पेभ्यःउचितमूत्तरंचित्वारिक्तस्थानानिपूरयत :-**

दिएगएविकल्पोंसेउचितउत्तरचुनकररिक्तस्थानोंकीपूर्तिकीजिए :-

(i) बालकौ \_\_\_\_\_ ।

(क) अपठत्  (ख) अपठन्  (ग) अपठताम्

(ii) बालिकाः \_\_\_\_\_ ।

(क) अधावत्  (ख) अधावन्  (ग) अधावताम्

(iii) लतारमाच \_\_\_\_\_ ।

(क) अनमत्  (ख) अनमताम्  (ग) अनमन्

(iv) जनौ \_\_\_\_\_ ।

(क) अगच्छत्  (ख) अगच्छताम्  (ग) अगच्छन्

(v) महिलाः \_\_\_\_\_ ।

(क) अपचत्  (ख) अपचताम्  (ग) अपचन्

**प्र०7- पूर्णवाक्येनउत्तरत :-**

पूर्णवाक्यमेंउत्तरदीजिए :-

(क) कस्यजन्मदीवसःआसीत् ? \_\_\_\_\_

(ख) मित्राणिकुत्रअगच्छन् ? \_\_\_\_\_

(ग) अकुलस्यमित्राणिकिम्अनयन् ? \_\_\_\_\_

(घ) सुकृतिःदीपिकचकीदृशंगीतम्अगायताम् ? \_\_\_\_\_

(ङ) जन्मदिवसेसर्वेकिम्अकुर्वन् ? \_\_\_\_\_

**प्र०8- निम्नवाक्यानिलङ्लकारेपरिवर्तितंकुरुत :-**

निम्नवाक्योंकोलङ्लकार (भूतकाल) मेंपरिवर्तितकीजिए :-

(क) अकुलस्यजन्मदीवसःअस्ति । \_\_\_\_\_

(ख) अध्यापिकेकक्षांगच्छतः । \_\_\_\_\_

(ग) छात्राःपाठंस्मरन्ति । \_\_\_\_\_

(घ) सैनिकाःदेशंरक्षन्ति । \_\_\_\_\_

(ङ) सुनयनादुग्धंपिबति । \_\_\_\_\_

**प्र०9- धातुरूपाणि पूरयत :-**

धातुरूपपूरेकीजिए :-

धातवः	पुरुषः	एकवचनम्	द्विवचनम्	बहुवचनम्
(क) पठ	प्रथमः	_____	अपठताम्	_____
(ख) लिख्	प्रथमः	_____	_____	अलिखन्
(ग) पा	प्रथमः	अपिबत्	_____	_____
(घ) स्मृ	प्रथमः	_____	_____	अस्मरन्
(ङ) नी	प्रथमः	अनयत्	_____	_____
(च) अस्	प्रथमः	_____	_____	आसन्

**प्र०10- उचितमेलनं कुरुत :-**

उचितमिलानकीजिए :-

(क) बालकः	-	अपठन्
(ख) बालिके	-	भ्रातरौ आस्ताम्
(ग) सैनिकाः	-	अनृत्यन्
(घ) मित्राणि	-	अरक्षण

**प्र०11- अधोलिखितवाक्यानि निर्देशानुसारं परिवर्तयत :-**

निम्नलिखितवाक्योंको निर्देशानुसार बदलिए :-

(क) त्वम् अपि प्रतिभागी आसीत् ।	(बहुवचने)
(ख) तस्य वस्त्राणि जीर्णानि आसन् ।	(एकवचने)
(ग) यूयं प्रसन्नाः अभवत ।	(एकवचने)
(घ) त्वंप्रतियोगितायां गीतम् अगायः ।	(द्विवचने)
(ङ) त्वंपितामहेन सह अक्रीडः ।	(बहुवचने)

**प्र०12- मञ्जूषायाः उचितक्रियापदं चित्वा रिक्तस्थानानि पूरयत :-**

मञ्जूषासे उचितक्रियापद चुनकर रिक्तस्थानोंकी पूर्ति कीजिए :-

मञ्जूषा- स्थ , अस्मरतम् , भवति , अपश्यः , दास्यामि

(क) अहम् अनुजायक्रीडनकानि _____ ।
(ख) प्रातःकालस्य भ्रमणेन शरीरं बलिष्ठं स्वस्थं च _____ ।
(ग) त्वंदूरदर्शनं _____ ।
(घ) युवापाठं _____ ।
(ङ) यूयं शोभनाः बालकाः _____ ।

**प्र०13- उदाहरणानुसारम् अधोलिखितक्रियापदानां पदपरिचयं दीयताम् :-**

उदाहरणानुसारं निम्नलिखितक्रियापदानां पदपरिचयं दीजिए :-

धातुः लकारः पुरुषः वचनम्

यथा- अभवत् भूलङ्लकारः मध्यमपुरुषः बहुवचनम्

(क) अयच्छतम्	_____	_____	_____	_____
(ख) अनयत्	_____	_____	_____	_____
(ग) अभवः	_____	_____	_____	_____
(घ) अतिष्ठत्	_____	_____	_____	_____

**प्र०14- प्रदत्तविकल्पेभ्यः उचितम् उत्तरं चित्वा रिक्तस्थानानि पूरयत :-**

दिए गए विकल्पों से उचित उत्तर चुनकर रिक्तस्थानों की पूर्ति कीजिए :-

(i) युवांलेखम् \_\_\_\_\_ |

(क) अलिखताम्  (ख) अलिखः  (ग) अलिखतम्

(ii) यूयंकदाविद्यालयम् \_\_\_\_\_ |

(क) अगच्छत  (ख) अगच्छताम्  (ग) अलिखतम्

(iii) युवांमित्रेण सह उद्याने \_\_\_\_\_ |

(क) अभ्रमत  (ख) अभ्रमः  (ग) अभ्रमतम्

(iv) त्वंशोभनः बालकः \_\_\_\_\_ |

(क) स्थ  (ख) असि  (ग) स्थः

(v) त्वंनिर्धनाय वस्त्राणि \_\_\_\_\_ |

(क) अयच्छः  (ख) अयच्छताम्  (ग) अयच्छतम्

**प्र०15- निम्नक्रियापदानि लङ्कारे परिवर्तयत :-**

निम्नक्रियापदों को लङ्कार में बदलिए :-

(क) भ्रमसि - \_\_\_\_\_

(ख) खादथ - \_\_\_\_\_

(ग) गच्छथः - \_\_\_\_\_

(घ) वदसि - \_\_\_\_\_

(ङ) लिखथ - \_\_\_\_\_

**प्र०16- उचितं मिलनं कुरुत :-**

उचित मिलान कीजिए :-

(क) एकस्याम्	खगान्
(ख) वयम्	सैनिकेभ्यः
(ग) वीरेभ्यः	छात्रः
(घ) आदर्शः	प्रसन्नाः
(ङ) अनेकान्	धर्मशालायाम्

**प्र०17- कोष्ठकात् उचितं क्रियापदानि चित्वा रिक्तस्थानानि पूरयत :-**

कोष्ठक से उचित क्रियापद चुनकर रिक्तस्थान पूरे कीजिए :-

(क) अहम् उद्याने \_\_\_\_\_ | (आगच्छम्, अगच्छाव, अगच्छाम्)

(ख) युवां विद्यालये पाठं \_\_\_\_\_ | (अपठः, अपठत, अपठतम्)

(ग) आवां क्षेत्रे \_\_\_\_\_ | (अधावम्, अधावाव, अधावाम्)

(घ) छात्राः \_\_\_\_\_ | (अलिखत, अलिखताम्, अलिखन्)

(ङ) कन्याः गीतानि \_\_\_\_\_ | (अगायत्, अगायताम्, अगायन्)

**प्र०18- निम्नपदानां पदपरिचयं लिखत :-**

निम्नशब्दों का पदपरिचय लिखिए :-

धातुः पुरुषः वचनम्

(क) आक्रीडम् \_\_\_\_\_

(ख) अगच्छाव \_\_\_\_\_

(ग) अवदम् \_\_\_\_\_



(घ) अकुर्म \_\_\_\_\_

(ङ) अतिष्ठाम \_\_\_\_\_

प्र०19- प्रदतविकल्पेभ्यः उचितम् उत्तरं चित्वा रिक्तस्थानानि पूरयत :-

दिए गए विकल्पों से उचित उत्तर चुनकर रिक्तस्थानों की पूर्ति कीजिए :-

(i) अहम् आदर्शः विद्यार्थी \_\_\_\_\_ ।

(क) स्म  (ख) स्व  (ग) अस्मि

(ii) वयम् एकस्यां धर्मशालायाम् \_\_\_\_\_ ।

(क) अतिष्ठाम  (ख) अतिष्ठम्  (ग) अतिष्ठाव

(iii) आवां वीरेभ्यः सैनिकेभ्यः श्रद्धाञ्जलिम् \_\_\_\_\_ ।

(क) अयच्छाव  (ख) अयच्छाम  (ग) अयच्छम्

(iv) सायंकाले आवांगृहं \_\_\_\_\_ ।

(क) प्रत्यागच्छाम्  (ख) प्रत्यागच्छम्  (ग) प्रत्यागच्छाव

(v) अहं जलपानगृहे जलपानम् \_\_\_\_\_ ।

(क) अकरवम्  (ख) अकुर्म  (ग) अकुर्व

प्र०20- मञ्जूषायाः पदानि चित्वा रिक्तस्थानानि पूरयत :-

मञ्जूषासंश्लेषशब्दचुनकर रिक्तस्थानों की पूर्ति कीजिए :-

मञ्जूषा- अपठम् , आरोपयम् , अवदाव , अगच्छाव , अखादाम्

(क) आवां भारतद्वारं (इंडियागेट) \_\_\_\_\_ ।

(ख) वयं भोजनं \_\_\_\_\_ ।

(ग) अहं वृक्षं \_\_\_\_\_ ।

(घ) आवां कदापि असत्यं \_\_\_\_\_ ।

(ङ) अहं सदैव समये \_\_\_\_\_ ।

## COMPUTER

1. Do the following binary arithmetic operations:

- 110101+11110
- 001010-110101
- 01010\*101
- 101 ÷ 10

2. Do lab activity given on page no 21(QBasic)

Note: Submit the above holiday home work on A-4 size sheet.

## DRAWING

Do page no - 68 ( Hand Fan ), 74(Decorative tooth brush Holder)

सामान्य निर्देश : सम्पूर्ण कार्य एक अलग उत्तर पुस्तिका में सुंदर लेख में करना है।

कक्षा में करवाए गए सम्पूर्ण कार्य की पुनरावृत्ति करके आनी है।

प्र०1- एकपदेन उत्तरत :- एक पद में उत्तर दीजिए :-

- (क) प्रातः कः उदयति ? \_\_\_\_\_
- (ख) जनाः प्रातः भ्रमणाय कुत्र गच्छन्ति ? \_\_\_\_\_
- (ग) सुगन्धा किं पश्यति ? \_\_\_\_\_
- (घ) का परिवारेण सह भ्रमणाय गमिष्यति ? \_\_\_\_\_
- (ङ) सुगन्धा कस्मै क्रीडनकानि दास्यति ? \_\_\_\_\_

प्र०2- पूर्णवाक्येन उत्तरत :-

पूर्ण वाक्य में उत्तर दीजिए :-

- (क) प्रातः जागरणं कस्मै हितकारि भवति ? \_\_\_\_\_
- (ख) पिता किमर्थं उद्यानं गच्छति ? \_\_\_\_\_
- (ग) प्रातः कालस्य भ्रमणेन किं भवति ? \_\_\_\_\_
- (घ) यामिनी केन सह भ्रमणाय गमिष्यति ? \_\_\_\_\_
- (ङ) सुगन्धा श्वः कुत्र गमिष्यति ? \_\_\_\_\_

प्र०3- अधोलिखितानां वाक्यानां निर्देशानुसारं वचनं परिवर्तयत :-

निम्नलिखित वाक्यों के निर्देशानुसार वचन बदलिए :-

- (i) अहं दास्यामि । (बहुवचने) \_\_\_\_\_
- (ii) त्वं मम गृहम् आगमिष्यसि । (द्विवचने) \_\_\_\_\_
- (iii) सः दूरदर्शनं पश्यति । (बहुवचने) \_\_\_\_\_
- (iv) वयं गमिष्यामः । (एकवचने) \_\_\_\_\_
- (v) सः नंस्यति । (बहुवचने) \_\_\_\_\_

प्र०4- प्रदत्तेभ्यः विकल्पेभ्य उचितम् उत्तरं चित्वा रिक्तस्थानानि पूरयत :-

दिये गये विकल्पों से उचित उत्तर चुनकर रिक्तस्थानों की पूर्ति किजिए :-

- (i) एषा प्रभातवेला \_\_\_\_\_ ।  
 (क) अस्ति  (ख) सन्ति  (ग) स्तः
- (ii) प्रातः जागरणं स्वास्थ्याय हितकारी \_\_\_\_\_  
 (क) भवन्ति  (ख) भवतः  (ग) भवति

(iii) त्वं अनुजाय किं \_\_\_\_\_ ?

(क) ददाति  (ख) दास्यति  (ग) दास्यसि

(iv) किं त्वं श्वः मम गृहम् \_\_\_\_\_ ?

(क) आगमिष्यति  (ख) आगमिष्यसि  (ग) आगमिष्यामि

(v) अहं अपि पितृव्यस्य गृहं \_\_\_\_\_ ?

(क) गमिष्यामि  (ख) गमिष्यति  (ग) गमिष्यसि

प्र०5- निम्नधातुरूपाणि लृट् लकारे परिवर्तनं कुरुत :-

निम्न धातु रूपों को लृट् लकार (भविष्यत् काल) में परिवर्तन कीजिए :-

(क) चलति - \_\_\_\_\_

(ख) भवतः - \_\_\_\_\_

(ग) गच्छामि - \_\_\_\_\_

(घ) यच्छावः - \_\_\_\_\_

(ङ) क्रुध्यन्ति - \_\_\_\_\_

प्र०6- प्रदत्तभ्यः विकल्पेभ्यः उचितम् उत्तरं चित्वा रिक्तस्थानानि पूरयत :-

दिए गए विकल्पों से उचित उत्तर चुनकर रिक्त स्थानों की पूर्ति कीजिए :-

(i) बालकौ \_\_\_\_\_ ।

(क) अपठत्  (ख) अपठन्  (ग) अपठताम्

(ii) बालिकाः \_\_\_\_\_ ।

(क) अधावत्  (ख) अधावन्  (ग) अधावताम्

(iii) लता रमा च \_\_\_\_\_ ।

(क) अनमत्  (ख) अनमताम्  (ग) अनमन्

(iv) जनौ \_\_\_\_\_ ।

(क) अगच्छत्  (ख) अगच्छताम्  (ग) अगच्छन्

(v) महिलाः \_\_\_\_\_ ।

(क) अपचत्  (ख) अपचताम्  (ग) अपचन्

प्र०7- पूर्णवाक्येन उत्तरत :-

पूर्ण वाक्य में उत्तर दीजिए :-

(क) कस्य जन्मदीवसः आसीत् ? \_\_\_\_\_

- (ख) मित्राणि कुत्र अगच्छन् ? \_\_\_\_\_  
 (ग) अकुलस्य मित्राणि किम् अनयन् ? \_\_\_\_\_  
 (घ) सुकृतिः दीपिक च कीदृशं गीतम् अगायताम् ? \_\_\_\_\_  
 (ङ) जन्मदिवसे सर्वे किम् अकुर्वन् ? \_\_\_\_\_

**प्र०8- निम्नवाक्यानि लङ्लकारे परिवर्तितं कुरुत :-**

निम्न वाक्यों को लङ् लकार (भूतकाल) में परिवर्तित कीजिए :-

- (क) अकुलस्य जन्मदीवसः अस्ति । \_\_\_\_\_  
 (ख) अध्यापिके कक्षां गच्छतः । \_\_\_\_\_  
 (ग) छात्राः पाठं स्मरन्ति । \_\_\_\_\_  
 (घ) सैनिकाः देशं रक्षन्ति । \_\_\_\_\_  
 (ङ) सुनयना दुग्धं पिबति । \_\_\_\_\_

**प्र०9- धातुरूपाणि पूरयत :-**

धातु रूप पूरे कीजिए :-

धातवः	पुरुषः	एकवचनम्	द्विवचनम्	बहुवचनम्
(क) पठ	प्रथमः	_____	अपठताम्	_____
(ख) लिख्	प्रथमः	_____	_____	अलिखन्
(ग) पा	प्रथमः	अपिबत्	_____	_____
(घ) स्मृ	प्रथमः	_____	_____	अस्मरन्
(ङ) नी	प्रथमः	अनयत्	_____	_____
(च) अस्	प्रथमः	_____	_____	आसन्

**प्र०10- उचितमेलनं कुरुत :-**

उचित मिलान कीजिए :-

- (क) बालकः - अपठन्  
 (ख) बालिके - भ्रातरौ आस्ताम्  
 (ग) सैनिकाः - अनृत्यन्  
 (घ) मित्राणि - अरक्षण

**प्र०11- अधोलिखितवाक्यानि निर्देशानुसारं परिवर्तयत :-**

निम्नलिखित वाक्यों को निर्देशानुसार बदलिए :-

- (क) त्वम् अपि प्रतिभागी आसीत् । (बहुवचने)  
 (ख) तस्य वस्त्राणि जीर्णानि आसन् । (एकवचने)  
 (ग) यूयं प्रसन्नाः अभवत । (एकवचने)  
 (घ) त्वं प्रतियोगितायां गीतम् अगायः । (द्विवचने)  
 (ङ) त्वं पितामहेन सह अक्रीडः । (बहुवचने)

प्र०12- मञ्जूषायाः उचितक्रियापदं चित्वा रिक्तस्थानानि पूरयत :-

मञ्जूषा से उचित क्रियापद चुनकर रिक्त स्थानों की पूर्ति कीजिए :-

मञ्जूषा-

स्थ , अस्मरतम् , भवति , अपश्यः , दास्यामि

- (क) अहम् अनुजाय क्रीडनकानि \_\_\_\_\_ ।  
(ख) प्रातः कालस्य भ्रमणेन शरीरं बलिष्ठं स्वस्थं च \_\_\_\_\_ ।  
(ग) त्वं दूरदर्शनं \_\_\_\_\_ ।  
(घ) युवां पाठं \_\_\_\_\_ ।  
(ङ) यूयं शोभनाः बालकाः \_\_\_\_\_ ।

प्र०13- उदाहरणानुसारम् अधोलिखितक्रियापदानां पदपरिचयं दीयताम् :-

उदाहरणानुसार निम्नलिखित क्रियापदों का पद-परिचय दीजिए :-

	धातुः	लकारः	पुरुषः	वचनम्
यथा- अभवत्	भू	लङ्लकारः	मध्यमपुरुषः	बहुवचनम्
(क) अयच्छतम्	_____	_____	_____	_____
(ख) अनयत्	_____	_____	_____	_____
(ग) अभवः	_____	_____	_____	_____
(घ) अतिष्ठत्	_____	_____	_____	_____

प्र०14- प्रदतविकल्पेभ्यः उचितम् उत्तरं चित्वा रिक्तस्थानानि पूरयत :-

दिए गए विकल्पों से उचित उत्तर चुनकर रिक्त स्थानों की पूर्ति कीजिए :-

- (i) युवां लेखम् \_\_\_\_\_ ।  
(क) अलिखताम्  (ख) अलिखः  (ग) अलिखतम्
- (ii) यूयं कदा विद्यालयम् \_\_\_\_\_ ।  
(क) अगच्छत्  (ख) अगच्छताम्  (ग) अलिखतम्
- (iii) युवां मित्रेण सह उद्याने \_\_\_\_\_ ।  
(क) अभ्रमत  (ख) अभ्रमः  (ग) अभ्रमतम्
- (iv) त्वं शोभनः बालकः \_\_\_\_\_ ।  
(क) स्थ  (ख) असि  (ग) स्थः
- (v) त्वं निर्धनाय वस्त्राणि \_\_\_\_\_ ।  
(क) अयच्छः  (ख) अयच्छताम्  (ग) अयच्छतम्

**प्र०15- निम्नक्रियापदानि लङ्लकारे परिवर्तयत :-**

निम्न क्रियापदों को लङ्लकार में बदलिए :-

- (क) भ्रमसि - \_\_\_\_\_  
(ख) खादथ - \_\_\_\_\_  
(ग) गच्छथः - \_\_\_\_\_  
(घ) वदसि - \_\_\_\_\_  
(ङ) लिखथ - \_\_\_\_\_

**प्र०16- उचितं मेलनं कुरुत :-**

उचित मिलान किजिए :-

- (क) एकस्याम् खगान्  
(ख) वयम् सैनिकेभ्यः  
(ग) वीरेभ्यः छात्रः  
(घ) आदर्शः प्रसन्नाः  
(ङ) अनेकान् धर्मशालायाम्

**प्र०17- कोष्ठकात् उचितं क्रियापदानि चित्वा रिक्तस्थानानि पूरयत :-**

कोष्ठक से उचित क्रियापद चुनकर रिक्त स्थान पूरे कीजिए :-

- (क) अहम् उद्याने \_\_\_\_\_ | (आगच्छम्,अगच्छाव,अगच्छाम्)  
(ख) युवां विद्यालये पाठं \_\_\_\_\_ | (अपठः,अपठत,अपठतम्)  
(ग) आवां क्षेत्रे \_\_\_\_\_ | (अधावम्,अधावाव,अधावाम्)  
(घ) छात्राः \_\_\_\_\_ | (अलिखत,अलिखताम्,अलिखन्)  
(ङ) कन्याः गीतानि \_\_\_\_\_ | (अगायत्,अगायताम्,अगायन्)

**प्र०18- निम्नपदानां पदपरिचयं लिखत :-**

निम्न शब्दों का पदपरिचय लिखिए :-

	धातुः	पुरुषः	वचनम्
(क) आक्रीडम्	_____	_____	_____
(ख) अगच्छाव	_____	_____	_____
(ग) अवदम्	_____	_____	_____
(घ) अकुर्म	_____	_____	_____
(ङ) अतिष्ठाम	_____	_____	_____

प्र०19- प्रदत्तविकल्पेभ्यः उचितम् उत्तरं चित्वा रिक्तस्थानानि पूरयत :-

दिए गए विकल्पों से उचित उत्तर चुनकर रिक्त स्थानों की पूर्ति कीजिए :-

(i) अहम् आदर्शः विद्यार्थी \_\_\_\_\_ ।

(क) स्म

(ख) स्व

(ग) अस्मि

(ii) वयम् एकस्यां धर्मशालायाम् \_\_\_\_\_ ।

(क) अतिष्ठाम्

(ख) अतिष्ठम्

(ग) अतिष्ठाव

(iii) आवां वीरेभ्यः सैनिकेभ्यः श्रद्धाञ्जलिम् \_\_\_\_\_ ।

(क) अयच्छाव

(ख) अयच्छाम

(ग) अयच्छम्

(iv) सायंकाले आवां गृहं \_\_\_\_\_ ।

(क) प्रत्यागच्छाम्

(ख) प्रत्यागच्छम्

(ग) प्रत्यागच्छाव

(v) अहं जलपानगृहे जलपानम् \_\_\_\_\_ ।

(क) अकरवम्

(ख) अकुर्म

(ग) अकुर्व

प्र०20- मञ्जूषायाः पदानि चित्वा रिक्तस्थानानि पूरयत :-

मञ्जूषा से शब्द चुनकर रिक्त स्थानों की पूर्ति कीजिए :-

मञ्जूषा-

अपठम् , आरोपयम् , अवदाव , अगच्छाव , अखादाम्

(क)

आवां भारतद्वारं (इंडिया गेट)

\_\_\_\_\_ ।

(ख) वयं भोजनं \_\_\_\_\_ ।

(ग) अहं वृक्षं \_\_\_\_\_ ।

(घ) आवां कदापि असत्यं न \_\_\_\_\_ ।

(ङ) अहं सदैव समये \_\_\_\_\_ ।